



μ μ

μ

μ

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μ 2009

μ 1

- a) μ , μ μ μ ($\bar{x} = 5 \text{ cm}$), μ μ
 μ $5 \text{ cm} \pm 0.04 \text{ cm}$ μ μ
 90%. , S_x μ μ
- b) μ : (i) 31, (ii) 64 (iii) 81
 $S_x = 0.16$ μ
 μ 70, μ μ μ
 μ $\pm 0.02 \text{ cm}$ μ μ μ .
- c) μ (b) μ μ =25.
 d) $S_x = 0.16$ =25, μ μ
 , u_x , μ .
- e) μ μ $\bar{x} = 5 \text{ cm}$ $S_x = 0.16$ =25 μ

a)
 $\mu = \bar{x} \pm u_{\bar{x}} = 5 \pm 0.04$

$$u_{\bar{x}} = t_{v, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} S_{\bar{x}} = t_{v, 0.95} S_{\bar{x}} = t_{v, 0.95} \frac{S_x}{\sqrt{N}} \Rightarrow S_x = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{t_{v, 0.95}}$$

$$N = 31 \quad S_{\bar{x}} = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{t_{30, 0.95}} = \frac{0.04 \sqrt{31}}{1.697} = 0.131$$

$$N = 64 \quad S_{\bar{x}} = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{t_{63, 0.95}} = \frac{0.04 \sqrt{64}}{1.671} = 0.191$$

$$N = 64 \quad S_{\bar{x}} = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{z_{0.95}} = \frac{0.04 \sqrt{64}}{1.671} = 0.218$$

b) =70 μ

$$u_{\bar{x}} = 0.02 = z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} S_{\bar{x}} = z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{S_x}{\sqrt{N}} \Rightarrow z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{S_x} = \frac{0.02 \sqrt{70}}{0.16} = 1.04$$

c)

μ

$$\Rightarrow 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.85 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0.30 \Rightarrow 1 - \alpha = 0.7 \Rightarrow P = 70\%$$

$$t_{v, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{u_{\bar{x}} \sqrt{N}}{S_x} = \frac{0.02 \times \sqrt{45}}{0.16} = 0.625$$

d)

$$u_x = t_{v, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} S_x = t_{24, 0.95} S_x = 1.711 \times 0.16 = 0.2737$$

e)

$$\frac{(N-1)S_x^2}{\chi_{N-1, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}^2} < \sigma^2 < \frac{(N-1)S_x^2}{\chi_{N-1, \frac{\alpha}{2}}^2} \quad \chi_{N-1, 1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}^2 = \chi_{24, 0.95}^2 = 36.42$$

$$\chi_{N-1, \frac{\alpha}{2}}^2 = \chi_{24, 0.05}^2 = 13.85$$

$$\frac{24 \times (0.16^2)}{36.42} < \sigma^2 < \frac{24 \times (0.16^2)}{13.85} \Rightarrow 0.1687 < \sigma^2 < 0.4436 \Rightarrow 0.13 < \sigma < 0.2106$$

B

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μ

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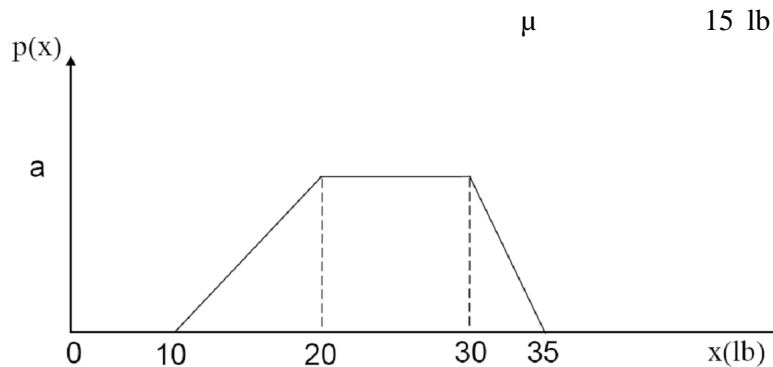
a)

μ a μ

b)

μ μ 10 20 lb. μ μ x

c)



(a)

$$p(x) \geq 0$$

μ

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$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} p(x) dx = 1,$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} p(x) dx = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{10a}{2} + 10a + \frac{5a}{2} = 5a + 10a + 2.5a = 17.5a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{17.5} = \frac{1}{lb} = 0.057 \frac{1}{lb}$$

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{p(x)-0}{x-10} = \frac{0.057}{10} & 10 \leq x \leq 20 \\ y = 0.057 & 20 < x \leq 30 \\ \frac{p(x)-0.057}{x-30} = -\frac{0.057}{5} & 30 < x \leq 35 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 0.0057x - 0.057 & 10 \leq x \leq 20 \\ 0.057 & 20 < x \leq 30 \\ -0.0114x + 0.342 & 30 < x \leq 35 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} xp(x) dx \\ &= \int_{10}^{35} xp(x) dx = \int_{10}^{20} x \cdot [0.0057x - 0.057] dx + \int_{20}^{30} x \cdot [0.057] dx + \int_{30}^{35} x \cdot [-0.0114x + 0.342] dx \\ &= \int_{10}^{20} [0.0057x^2 - 0.057x] dx + \int_{20}^{30} [0.057x] dx + \int_{30}^{35} [-0.0114x^2 + 0.342x] dx \\ \bar{x} &= \left. \frac{0.0057}{3} x^3 - \frac{0.057}{2} x^2 \right|_{10}^{20} + \left. \frac{0.057}{2} x^2 \right|_{20}^{30} - \left. \frac{0.0114}{3} x^3 + \frac{0.342}{2} x^2 \right|_{30}^{35} \\ &= (15.2 - 11.4) - (1.9 - 2.85) + (25.65 - 11.4) + (-162.93 + 244.39) - (-102.6 + 179.55) \\ &= 3.8 + 0.95 + 14.25 + 81.46 - 76.95 = 21.61 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} F(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^x p(\xi) d\xi = \int_{-\infty}^{10} 0 d\xi + \int_{10}^x [0.0057\xi - 0.057] d\xi = \left[\frac{0.0057}{2} \xi^2 - 0.057\xi \right]_{10}^x \\ &= \left[\frac{0.0057x^2}{2} - 0.057x \right] = 0.00285x^2 - 0.057x + 0.285 \end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned} P(x \leq 15P(x \leq 15lb)) &= F(x = 15lb) = 0.00285 \times 15^2 - 0.057 \times (15) + 0.285 = 0.07125 \\ \Rightarrow P(x \leq 15lb) &= 7.125\% \end{aligned}$$

μ 2

A

$$y_1(t) = 4 \cos(6\pi t) + 8 \cos^2(8\pi t)$$

$$y_2(t) = 2 \sin 3t + 7 \cos \pi t$$

$$y_3(t) = 3 \cos \sqrt{2}t + 5 \cos 2t$$

:

a) $y_1(t) = 4 \cos(6\pi t) + 8 \cos^2(8\pi t)$

b) $y_2(t) = 2 \sin 3t + 7 \cos \pi t$

c) $y_3(t) = 3 \cos \sqrt{2}t + 5 \cos 2t$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } y_1(t) &= 4 \cos(6\pi t) + 8 \cos^2(8\pi t) = 4 \cos(6\pi t) + \frac{8}{2} [1 + \cos(16\pi t)] \\ &= 4 + 4 \cos(6\pi t) + 4 \cos(16\pi t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\omega_1 = 6\pi, \quad \omega_2 = 16\pi$$

$$y_1(t) = 4 + 4 \cos(6\pi t) + 4 \cos(16\pi t)$$

$$\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\omega_0 = \text{MK}\Delta(\omega_1, \omega_2) = 2\pi$$

$$\omega_1 = 3\omega_0, \quad \omega_2 = 8\omega_0$$

$$\bar{y}_1 = C_0 = 4, \quad P_{\text{ev}} = C_0^2 + \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n^2}{2} = 4^2 + \frac{4^2 + 4^2}{2} = 32$$

$$y_{1\text{ev}} = \sqrt{P_{\text{ev}}} = \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$\omega_s \geq 2\omega_{\text{max}} = 32\pi \Rightarrow f_s \geq 16 \text{ Hz}$$

$$N = \frac{\omega_s}{\omega_0} = \frac{f_s}{f_0} = \frac{32 \pi}{2\pi} = 16$$

$$\text{b) } \omega_1 = 3, \quad \omega_2 = \pi, \quad \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2} = \frac{3}{\pi}$$

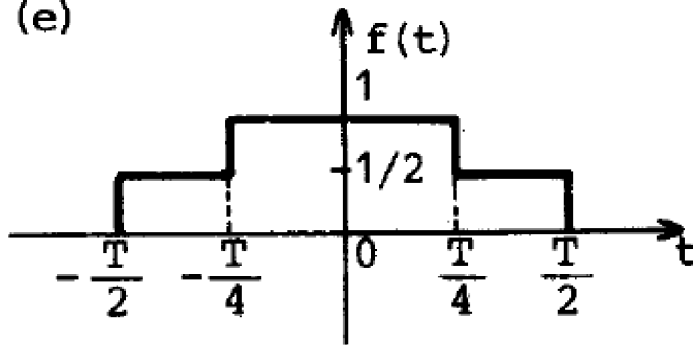
$$y_2(t) = 2 \sin 3t + 7 \cos \pi t$$

$$\text{c) } \omega_1 = \sqrt{2}, \quad \omega_2 = 2, \quad \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$y_3(t) = 3 \cos \sqrt{2}t + 5 \cos 2t$$

- a) μ (μ) $n = 5$
- b) μ μ μ

(e)



$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \int \cos ax dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a}, \int x \cos ax dx = \frac{\cos ax}{a^2} + \frac{x \sin ax}{a}, \\ \int \sin ax dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{a}, \int x \sin ax dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a^2} - \frac{x \cos ax}{a} \\ \int e^{ax} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a}, \int x e^{ax} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2}(ax - 1) \end{array} \right.$$

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1/2 & -\frac{T}{2} \leq t \leq -\frac{T}{4} \\ 1 & -\frac{T}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{T}{4} \\ 1/2 & \frac{T}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{T}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos n\omega t + B_n \sin n\omega t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{jn\omega t} = C_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cos(n\omega t + \phi_n) = C_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \sin(n\omega t + \phi_n^*)$$

$$C_n = \sqrt{A_n^2 + B_n^2}$$

$$\tan \phi_n = -\frac{B_n}{A_n} \quad \tan \phi_n^* = \frac{A_n}{B_n}$$

$$: T_0 = T \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} = \frac{2\pi}{T} \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$, \quad \mu \quad B_n = 0$$

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_a^{a+T_0} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T_0}{2}}^{\frac{T_0}{2}} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{T}{2} + \frac{T}{4} \right) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad \mu$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_a^{a+T_0} f(t) \cos(n\omega t) dt = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T_0/2}^{T_0/2} f(t) \cos(n\omega t) dt \Rightarrow A_n = \frac{4}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} f(t) \cos(n\omega t) dt$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{για ρητα συν ρηση}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_n &= \frac{4}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} f(t) \cos(n\omega t) dt = \frac{4}{T} \left\{ \int_0^{T/4} \cos(n\omega t) dt + \frac{1}{4} \int_{T/4}^{T/2} \cos(n\omega t) dt \right\} \\
&= \frac{4}{T} \left\{ \frac{\sin(n\omega t)}{n\omega} \Big|_0^{T/4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{\sin(n\omega t)}{n\omega} \Big|_{T/4}^{T/2} \right\} \\
&= \frac{4}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{n \frac{2\pi}{T}} \sin\left(n \frac{2\pi}{T} \frac{T}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{4n \frac{2\pi}{T}} \left[\sin\left(n \frac{2\pi}{T} \frac{T}{2}\right) - \sin\left(n \frac{2\pi}{T} \frac{T}{4}\right) \right] \right\} \\
&= \frac{2}{\pi n} \left\{ \sin\left(n \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \left[\sin(n\pi) - \sin\left(n \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right] \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

n	A_n
0	$\frac{3}{4}$
1	$\frac{3}{2\pi}$
2	0
3	$-\frac{1}{2\pi}$
4	0
5	$\frac{3}{10\pi}$

$$f(t) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos n\omega t + B_n \sin n\omega t) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2\pi} \cos \omega t - \frac{1}{2\pi} \cos 3\omega t + \frac{3}{10\pi} \cos 5\omega t + \dots$$

b) $\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad A_0 = \frac{3}{4}$
 $\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad f_{\text{ev}} = \sqrt{P}$

$$\begin{aligned}
P &= \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-T_0/2}^{T_0/2} f^2(t) dt = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} f^2(t) dt = \frac{2}{T} \left\{ \int_0^{T/4} dt + \frac{1}{4} \int_{T/4}^{T/2} dt \right\} = \frac{2}{T} \left\{ \frac{T}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{T}{4} \right\} = \frac{5}{8} \\
&= A_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$f_{\text{ev}} = \sqrt{P} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8}}$$

$$C_n = \sqrt{A_n^2 + B_n^2} = |A_n| \quad \& \quad C_0 = A_0$$

$$\tan \phi_n = -\frac{B_n}{A_n} \Rightarrow \phi_n = 0 \quad \forall n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$$

μ 3

μ μ μ , μ μ μ ±0.2 °C μ μ μ 95%.
 μ μ μ 15 μ , μ μ μ 250.0 °C
 0.2 °C.

a) μ μ μ 95%.

b) μ μ μ 95%.

c) μ μ μ ±0.1 °C,
 μ μ μ

;

$$: 0.2 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\mu : 250 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$= 15$$

$$v = N - 1 = 15 - 1 = 14$$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.95 \Rightarrow 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.975$$

$$\text{Student } t_{v, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}} = t_{14, 0.975} = 2.145$$

$$S_x = 0.2 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

a)

$$P_{\bar{x}} = t_{v, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}} S_x = t_{v, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{S_x}{\sqrt{N}} = 2.145 \times \frac{0.2}{\sqrt{15}} = 0.11 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u_{\bar{x}} = \sqrt{(B_{\bar{x}})^2 + (P_{\bar{x}})^2} = \sqrt{0.2^2 + 0.11^2} = 0.23$$

b)

$$P_x = t_{v, 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}} S_x = 2.145 \times (0.2) = 0.43$$

$$u_x = \sqrt{(B_x)^2 + (P_x)^2} = \sqrt{(0.2)^2 + (0.43)^2} = 0.474$$

c)

$$B_x = B_{\bar{x}} = 0.1 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{i) } u_{\bar{x}} = \sqrt{(B_{\bar{x}})^2 + (P_{\bar{x}})^2} = \sqrt{(0.1)^2 + (0.11)^2} = 0.0221 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{ii) } u_x = \sqrt{(B_x)^2 + (P_x)^2} = \sqrt{(0.1)^2 + (0.474)^2} = 0.484 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

μ μ μ μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ .

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$

$$g = 4\pi^2 \frac{L}{T^2}$$

$$L = 100 \pm 0.1 \text{ cm}$$

$$T = 2 \pm 0.005 \text{ sec}$$

$$\bar{g} = \frac{4\pi^2 \bar{L}}{\bar{T}^2} = \frac{4\pi^2 \cdot 100}{2^2} = 987 \text{ cm/sec}^2$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial L} = \frac{4\pi^2}{T^2}, \quad \frac{\partial g}{\partial T} = -\frac{8\pi^2 L}{T^3}$$

$$\Delta g = \sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial L} \right)_{\bar{L}} u_L \right)^2 + \left(\left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial T} \right)_{\bar{T}, \bar{L}} u_T \right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{4\pi^2}{2^2} \cdot 0.1 \right)^2 + \left(\frac{8\pi^2 \cdot 100}{2^3} \cdot 0.005 \right)^2} = 5.03 \text{ cm/sec}^2$$

$$g = 987 \pm 5.03 \text{ cm/sec}^2$$

C) $f(t) = 2 + 0.5 \sin(100t)$ μ ,

$$y(t) = 2K + 0.5KM(\omega)\sin(100t + \phi(\omega)) = 2K + 0.5|G(j\omega)|\sin(100t + \phi(\omega))$$

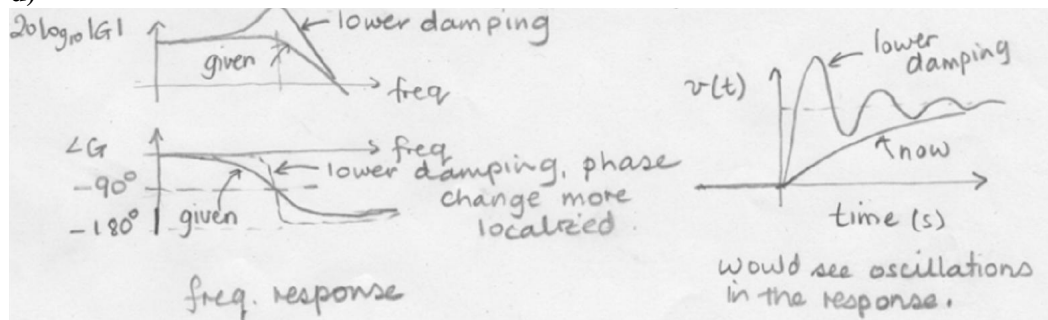
$$f = 0 \text{ Hz } |G(j0)| = |K| = 20 \log(|K|) \text{ db} \Rightarrow |K| = 10^{\frac{-20}{20}} = 0.1 \quad \phi(0) = 0^\circ$$

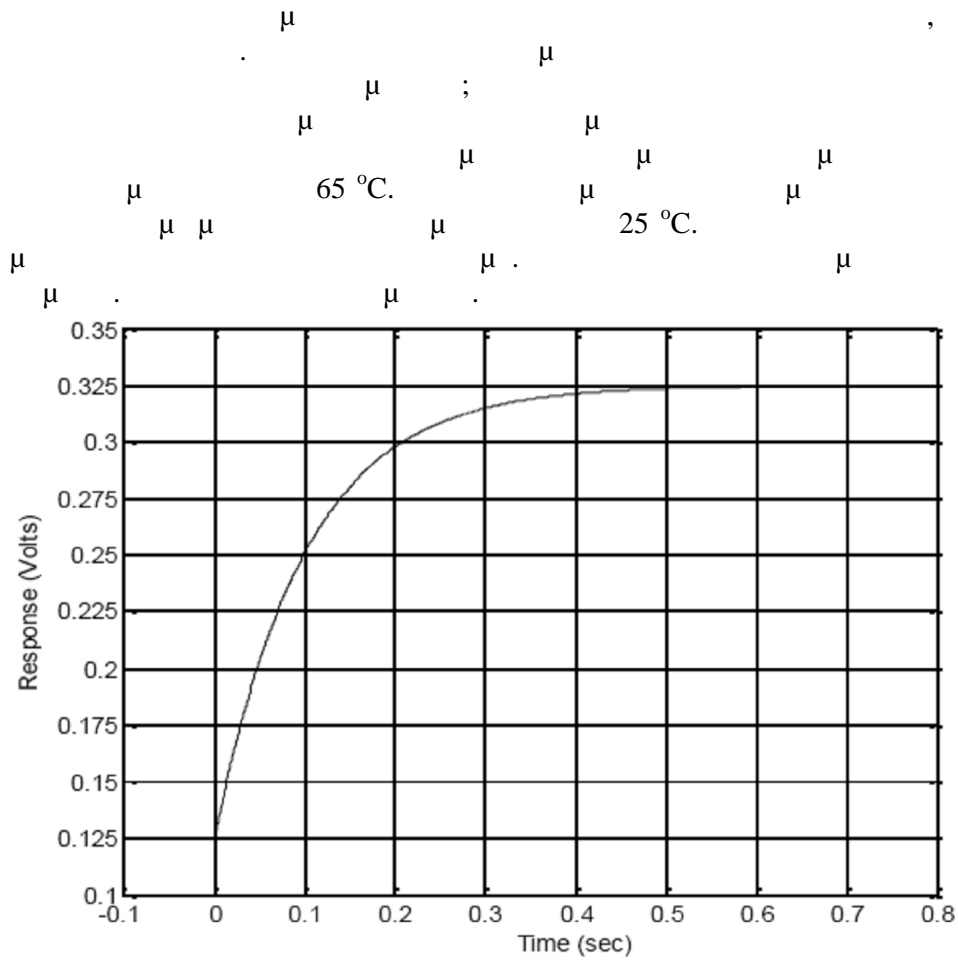
$$\omega = 100 \text{ rad/sec} \Rightarrow f = 15.915 \text{ Hz } |G(j100)| = 10^{\frac{-20}{20}} = 0.1$$

$$\phi(100) = 16^\circ = 0.28 \text{ rad}$$

$$y(t) = 2 \times 0.1 + 0.5 \times 0.1 \sin(100t + 0.28) = 0.2 + 0.05 \sin(100t + 0.28)$$

d)





$$x(t) = 2 + 10\sin(2t)$$

$$K = \frac{y_{ss} - y_0}{x_{ss} - x_0} = \frac{(0.325 - 0.125)V}{(65 - 25)^\circ C} = 0.005 \frac{V}{^\circ C}$$

63.2% (0.2 V. 63.2%)

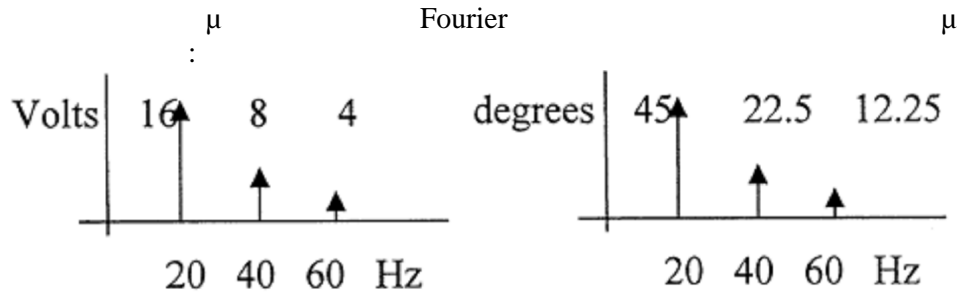
0.126 V. 0.126

$$y(\tau) - y_0 = 0.126 \Rightarrow y(\tau) = y_0 + 0.126 = 0.125 + 0.126 = 0.251 \text{ V.}$$

$t = 0.1 \text{ sec.}$, $\tau = 0.1 \text{ sec.}$

μ 5

Fourier



$$\begin{aligned}
 y(t) &= C_1 \cos(\omega_1 t + \phi(\omega_1)) + C_2 \cos(\omega_2 t + \phi(\omega_2)) + C_3 \cos(\omega_3 t + \phi(\omega_3)) \\
 &= 16 \cos(2\pi \times 20 \times t + \frac{\pi}{4}) + 8 \cos(2\pi \times 40 \times t + \frac{\pi}{8}) + 4 \cos(2\pi \times 60 \times t + \frac{\pi}{16}) \\
 &= 16 \cos(40\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) + 8 \cos(80\pi t + \frac{\pi}{8}) + 4 \cos(120\pi t + \frac{\pi}{16})
 \end{aligned}$$

C

- a) ± 5 Volts, 1000 Hz, 4 mVolts.
- b) - ;
- c) - ;
- d) 500 Hz, 1000 Hz, 10000 Hz, 1000 Hz, μ
- e) -3.45 V,
- f) - μ, 165 μ ;

a)

$$Q = \frac{V_{ru} - V_{rl}}{2^N} = \frac{5 - (-5)}{2^N} = \frac{10}{2^N} \leq 0.004 \text{ V} \Rightarrow 2^N \geq 2500 \Rightarrow N \log 2 \geq \log 2500 \Rightarrow N \geq 11.29$$

$N = 12$

b)

$$Q = \frac{V_{ru} - V_{rl}}{2^N} = \frac{5 - (-5)}{2^{12}} = 0.002441 \text{ V}$$

$$\frac{Q}{2} = 0.001221 \text{ V}$$

c)

$$(V_{rl}, V_{ru} - Q) = (-5, 4.99756) \text{ V}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & f = 1000 \text{ Hz}, \\
 & f_s \geq 2f = 2000 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & f_s = 10000 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & 1000 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & f_s = 1000 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & f_N = \frac{f_s}{2} = 500 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & \frac{f}{f_N} = \frac{1000}{500} = 2.0 \Rightarrow f_{ap} = 0 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & f_s = 500 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & \text{Nyquist } f_N = \frac{f_s}{2} = 250 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & f = 1000 \text{ Hz.} \\
 & \frac{f}{f_N} = \frac{1000}{250} = 4.0 \Rightarrow f_{ap} = 0 \text{ Hz.}
 \end{aligned}$$

e)

$$D = \text{int} \left\{ \frac{V_i - V_{rl}}{Q} \right\} = \text{int} \left\{ \frac{-3.45 - (-5)}{0.002441} \right\} = \text{int} \{634.88\} = 635$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{f) } \quad \widehat{V}_i &= D \cdot Q + V_{rl} = 165 \cdot (0.002441) - 5 = -4.59674 \text{ V} \\
 \widehat{V}_i - \frac{Q}{2} &\leq V_i \leq \widehat{V}_i + \frac{Q}{2} \Rightarrow -4.72034 \leq V_i \leq -4.47624
 \end{aligned}$$