

μ μ

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μ 2009  
( 4-05-2009)

I

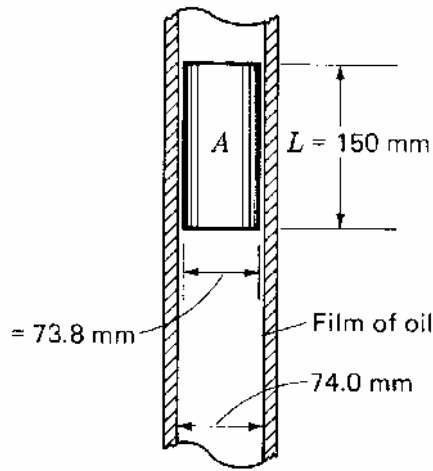
μ 1

μ

, μ 2.5 kg

μ μ

$7 \times 10^{-3} N \cdot s / m^2$ .



$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial n} = \frac{V - 0}{0.0001 m} = 10000 V \cdot s^{-1}$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{\partial V}{\partial n} = (7 \times 10^{-3}) (10000 V) = 70 V \text{ Pa}$$

$$W = (\tau)(\pi D)(L) = (2.5)(9.81) = (70 V_T)(\pi)(0.0738)(0.150)$$

$$\mu : V_T = 10.07 m/s$$

μ 2

stokes) : ( ) μ ( centipoise ) ( ) μ ( )  
 μ Sutherland. 500°C μ 150 kPa, μ μ

μ 3  
Stokes-Oseen

$$F = 3\pi\mu DV + \frac{9\pi}{16}\rho V^2 D^2$$

$$D = \mu ; \mu = D = .$$

(3, ,9,16) μ :

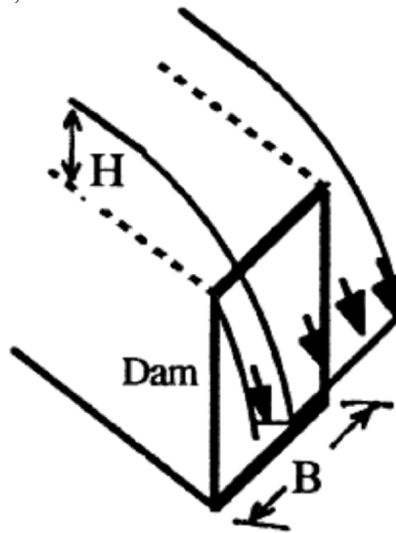
$$\{F\} = \{3\pi\}\{\mu\}\{D\}\{V\} + \left\{\frac{9\pi}{16}\right\}\{\rho\}\{V\}^2\{D\}^2 ?$$

$$: \left\{\frac{ML}{T^2}\right\} = \{1\}\left\{\frac{M}{LT}\right\}\{L\}\left\{\frac{L}{T}\right\} + \{1\}\left\{\frac{M}{L^3}\right\}\left\{\frac{L^2}{T^2}\right\}\{L^2\}?$$

μ Stokes-Oseen

μ .

μ 4  
H, μ μ Q



μ Q μ B H g. μ

$$Q = Bf(H, g)$$

$$: Q = Bf(H, g) = \left\{\frac{L^2}{T}\right\}$$

$$f(H, g) \left\{ \frac{L^2}{T} \right\}, \quad \mu \quad g. \quad g$$

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad \sqrt{g}$$

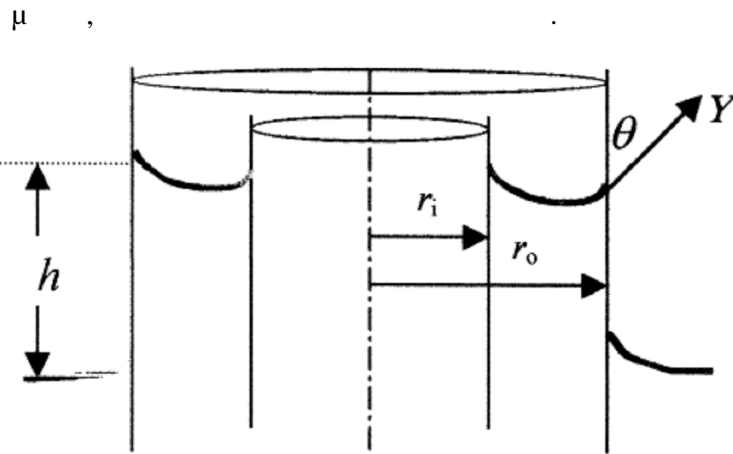
$$Q = Bg^{1/2} f(H) \Rightarrow \left\{ \frac{L^3}{T} \right\} = \{L\} \left\{ \frac{L^{1/2}}{T} \right\} \{f(H)\} \Rightarrow f(H) = \{L^{3/2}\}$$

$$f(H) \quad \{L^{3/2}\}, \quad f(H) \quad \mu \quad H^{3/2}.$$

$$Q = CBg^{1/2} H^{3/2}, \quad C \quad \mu \quad .$$

μ 5

$$\mu \quad , \quad \mu \quad r_o \quad \sigma \quad Y \quad r_i, \quad \theta < 90^\circ.$$



$$\mu \quad \mu \quad , \quad \mu \quad = \quad \mu \quad : \quad Y \cos \theta (2\pi r_o + 2\pi r_i) = \rho g \pi (r_o^2 - r_i^2) h$$

$$\mu \quad : \quad h = 2Y \cos \theta (r_o - r_i)$$

μ 6

$$\mu \quad D_1 \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad D_2 \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad D_3 \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad D_1, D_2, p_{atm} \quad \sigma, \quad \mu \quad \mu$$

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad m_1 + m_2 = \rho_1 V_1 + \rho_2 V_2 = m_3 = \rho_3 V_3$$

$$\left( \frac{p_a + 4Y/r_1}{RT} \right) \left( \frac{\pi}{6} D_1^3 \right) + \left( \frac{p_a + 4Y/r_2}{RT} \right) \left( \frac{\pi}{6} D_2^3 \right) = \left( \frac{p_a + 4Y/r_3}{RT} \right) \left( \frac{\pi}{6} D_3^3 \right)$$

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad : \quad p_a D_3^3 + 8Y D_3^2 = (p_a D_2^3 + 8Y D_2^2) + (p_a D_1^3 + 8Y D_1^2)$$

$\mu$  $\mu$  $D_3$  $\mu$  7 $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$ 

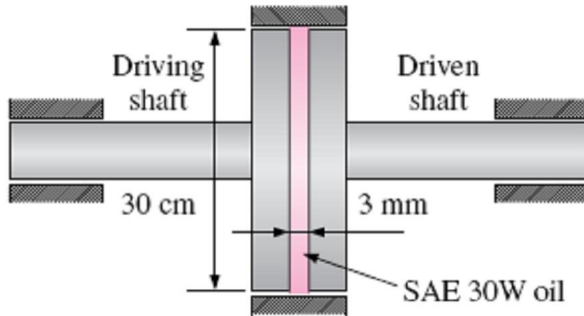
3 mm

 $\mu = 0.38 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s}/\text{m}^2$ 

1450 rpm,

 $\mu$ 

1398 rpm.

 $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$ 

$$\mu = 0.38 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s}/\text{m}^2.$$

 $\mu$  $\omega_1$   $\omega_2$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\omega_1 - \omega_2$  $\mu$ 

$$V = (\omega_1 - \omega_2)r$$

 $\mu$  $\mu$   
 $r$ 

$$\tau_w = \mu \frac{du}{dr} = \mu \frac{V}{h} = \mu \frac{(\omega_1 - \omega_2)r}{h}$$

dA

 $\mu$ 

$$dF = \tau_w dA = \mu \frac{(\omega_1 - \omega_2)r}{h} (2\pi r) dr$$

$$dT = r dF = \mu \frac{(\omega_1 - \omega_2)r^2}{h} (2\pi r) dr = \frac{2\pi\mu(\omega_1 - \omega_2)}{h} r^3 dr$$

:

$$T = \frac{2\pi\mu(\omega_1 - \omega_2)}{h} \int_{r=0}^{D/2} r^3 dr = \frac{2\pi\mu(\omega_1 - \omega_2)}{h} \frac{r^4}{4} \Big|_{r=0}^{D/2} = \frac{\pi\mu(\omega_1 - \omega_2)D^4}{32h}$$

 $\mu$  $=2$  ,

:

$$\omega_1 - \omega_2 = 2\pi(N_1 - N_2) = (2\pi \text{ rad/rev})[(1450 - 1398) \text{ rev/min}] \left( \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = 5.445 \text{ rad/s},$$

,

 $\mu$  $\mu$ 

:

$$T = \frac{\pi(0.38 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s}/\text{m}^2)(5.445 \text{ rad/s})(0.30 \text{ m})^4}{32(0.003 \text{ m})} = \mathbf{0.55 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

:

 $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  $\mu$  .

$$E \text{ (μ μ κ = 1/E) , } FL^{-2},$$

$$\rho \text{ (μ μ c = (E)^a (\rho)^b .}$$

$$\text{μ , μ a b ;}$$

$$\text{μ FLT, } C = \{LT^{-1}\}, \{E_V\} = \{FL^{-2}\}, \rho = \{FL^{-4}T^2\}$$

$$: C = (E_V)^a (\rho)^b \rightarrow \left[ \frac{L}{T} \right] = \left[ \frac{F^a}{L^{-2a}} \right] \left[ \frac{F^b T^{2b}}{L^{-4b}} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$a+b=0 \quad F$$

$$2b=-1 \quad T$$

$$2a+4b=-1 \quad L$$

$$: a = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } b = -\frac{1}{2} \quad C = \sqrt{\frac{E_V}{\rho}}$$

μ μ .

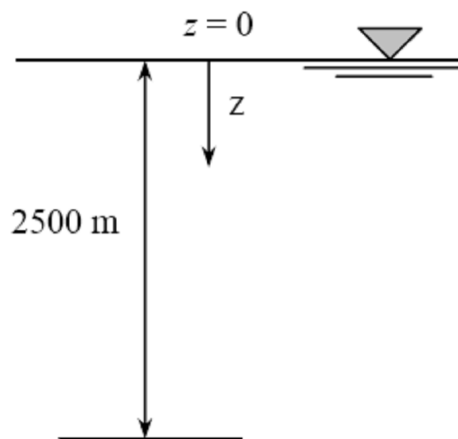
μ 9

$$2500 \text{ m}$$

$$1030 \text{ kg/m}^3 \quad \mu$$

$$2.34 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2 \quad \mu \text{ , } \mu$$

$$g \quad \mu \quad dp = \rho g dz .$$



$$\mu \quad \rho = 1030 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \quad \mu \quad E = 2.34 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad \kappa = \frac{1}{\rho} \left( \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial p} \right)_T = \frac{1}{E} \Rightarrow E = \rho \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial \rho} \right)_T = \rho \frac{dp}{d\rho}$$

dz : d = gdz

$$E = \rho \frac{\rho g dz}{d\rho} = g \rho^2 \frac{dz}{d\rho} \rightarrow \frac{d\rho}{\rho^2} = \frac{g dz}{E}$$

z=0 ρ = ρ<sub>0</sub> = 1030 kg / m<sup>3</sup> z=z =

$$\int_{\rho_0}^{\rho} \frac{d\rho}{\rho^2} = \frac{g}{E} \int_0^z dz \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\rho_0} - \frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{gz}{E}$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{(1/\rho_0) - (gz/E)}$$

d = gdz

z=0 p=p<sub>0</sub>=98kPa z=2 p=p :

$$\int_{\rho_0}^{\rho} dp = \int_0^z \frac{g dz}{\left(\frac{1}{\rho_0}\right) - \left(\frac{gz}{E}\right)} \Rightarrow p = p_0 + E \ln \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{\rho_0 g z}{E}\right)} \right]$$

z=2500m, μ : μ

$$\rho = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\left(1030 \frac{kg}{m^3}\right)} - \left(\frac{9.81 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)(2500m)}{\left(2.34 * 10^9 \frac{N}{m^2}\right)}} = 1041 \frac{kg}{m^3}$$

$$P = (98.000 Pa) + \left(2.34 \times 10^9 \frac{N}{m^2}\right) \ln \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\left(1030 \frac{kg}{m^3}\right)\left(9.81 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)(2500m)}{\left(2.34 \times 10^9 \frac{N}{m^2}\right)}} \right] = 25.50 MPa$$

: μ μ = 0=1030  $\frac{kg}{m^3}$ , 2500m

= 0+ gz = 0.098 + 25.26 = 25.36 MPa  
2500 m :

$$\Delta\rho = \frac{\rho\Delta\rho}{E} = \left(1030 \frac{kg}{m^3}\right)(2340MPa)^{-1}(25.26MPa) = 11.1 \frac{kg}{m^3} \quad \rho = 1041 \frac{kg}{m^3}$$